Qualifying Exam of Algebra-Spring 2011

Do five of the following eight problems. You should state clearly any general results you use.

- 1. Let G be an abelian group. Let $K = \{a \in G : a^2 = 1\}$ and $H = \{a^2 : a \in G\}$. Show that G/K = H.
- 2. (a) Let S_n be the symmetric group on n elements. Suppose $\sigma \in S_n$ has order 21. Show that n > 10.
 - (b) Let G be a finite simple group containing an element of order 21. Show that every proper subgroup H of G has index at least 10. [Hint: consider an action of G on the left cosets on H.]
- 3. Let R = C[0,1] be the ring of all continuous real-valued functions on [0,1], with addition and multiplication defined pointwise: (f+g)(x) = f(x)+g(x), (fg)(x) = f(x)g(x). Prove that if M is a maximal ideal of R, then there is a real number $x_0 \in [0,1]$ such that $M = \{f \in R : f(x_0) = 0\}$.
- 4. Let R be a commutative ring with 1 such that for every $x \in R$ there is an integer n > 1 (depending on x) such that $x^n = x$. Show that every prime ideal of R is maximal. [Hint: first show that R is ID then it is a field.]
- 5. Let R be an integral domain and F a subring of R which is a field. Show that if each element of R is algebraic over F, then R is a field.
- 6. Find the Galois group of $X^4 2$ over the fields.
 - (a) \mathbb{F}_5 ,
 - (b) $\mathbb{Q}(i)$.
- 7. Prove that an $n \times n$ matrix with entries in a field F is diagonalizable if and only if its minimal polynomial factors into distinct linear factors in in F[X].
- 8. Suppose S is a commutative ring with 1 and R is a subring of S. Suppose also that M is an R-module. Show that $S \otimes_R M$ can be given an S-module structure. [You need not verify all the module axioms, but you should at least define scalar multiplication and prove that it is well-defined.]