## Seminar in Mass Communication Law/ JOUR7025-M50

Spring 2012

5:30-8:30 Mondays Online

Dr. Elinor Kelley Grusin, professor emeritus

Consultations by phone or email

Phone: To be distributed at the first class meeting.

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# **COURSE REQUIREMENTS**

**CATALOGUE/COURSE DESCRIPTION:** The study of laws and regulations affecting mass media with attention to social and political forces that shape the law; exploration of First Amendment theories as well as the constitutional framework of the legal system; in-depth legal research in the student's selected area of interest.

# **PREREQUISITE:**

None

# **TEXTBOOKS:**

# Required:

- 1. Pember, Don R., and Clay Calvert, *Mass Media Law*, 17th Edition, Brown & Benchmark Publishers. You also will read selected cases and other materials.
- 2. *Chicago Manual of Style*—A helpful website http://www.indiana.edu/~citing/Chicago.pdf

# **Suggested Research Aids:**

- 1. Black's Law Dictionary, West Publishing Company.
- 2. Wren, Christopher G. and Jill Robinson Wren, *The Legal Research Manual*. Adams and Ambrose Publishing Co.
- 3. Helpful site, in addition to Lexis/Nexis, for legal research online:
- 4. http://www.abanet.org/tech/ltrc/lawlink/home.html

Go to the above site hosted by the American Bar Association and scroll to "Legal Research Resources." Most are free sites hosted by universities and law schools, such as Northwestern, Cornell and Indiana University School of Law. At the very top is a section titled "Federal Resources," which you also should explore.

## **CLASSROOM FORMAT:**

Seminar

# **COURSE SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS:**

- 1. Assigned readings.
- 2. Mid-term and final exams
- 3. A research proposal and paper.
- 4. Informed participation in class discussion. Each of you will be assigned to help to lead discussions of the assigned readings on a particular night. Because this is a graduate class, you will share responsibility for discussion of material. You also will be evaluated each week on participation, and absences will definitely lower your grade.

# SEE DETAILS ON THE RESEARCH PROPOSAL AND PAPER AT THE BOTTOM OF THIS SYLLABUS.

## **GRADING:**

Midterm Exam30 percentFinal Exam30 percentResearch Paper30 percentParticipation/quizzes10 percent

Number grades on tests translate into these letter grades: A, 90-100; B, 80-89; C, 70-79; D, 60-69; F, below 60.

Note: I take grades of plus or minus each week for each student's contributions and tally these at the end of the semester for a participation grade. OFF-THE-SUBJECT OR SUPERFICIAL COMMENTS DO NOT COUNT FOR YOU AND MAY COUNT AGAINST YOU. INFORMED AND INSIGHTFUL COMMENTS ARE ENCOURAGED. QUESTIONS DON'T COUNT.

#### ADDITIONAL OPTIONAL READING

Additional Reading: If you want to read any of the books below and write a report, you will receive extra credit. You may find other books you prefer. I have selected these because I have read them and know they provide solid information about the First Amendment and/or how the U.S. Supreme Court works, and they are very readable. The ones starred are especially helpful and interesting reading. You will earn points added to your final grade.

# Extra credit reports are due by March 12.

\*The Brethren, Bob Woodward and Scott Armstrong
Freedom of Speech for Me but Not for Thee, Nat Hentoff.
Minnesota Rag, Fred W. Friendly.
Hugo Black and the Judicial Revolution, Gerald T. Dunne
\*Inside the Warren Court, Bernard Schwartz
\*Gideon's Trumpet, Anthony Lewis
Make No Law, Anthony Lewis

# CALENDAR AND DEADLINES. (I RESERVE THE RIGHT TO MAKE CALENDAR CHANGES OR TO ADD ASSIGNMENTS WITH ADVANCE NOTICE.) JOUR 7025

Class Schedule for Spring 2012

Week One—1/23 Go over syllabus.

Discuss the Constitution, Bill of Rights and U. S. Supreme Court. Read Introduction to the American Legal System and the First Amendment. Be able to discuss the following: It is easy to agree to give freedom of speech if you agree with what is being said.

Otherwise, it is not so easy.

Read Pember, Chapters 1 and 2.

Also, read the Bill of Rights in your text.

Week Two—1/30 Continue to discuss the First Amendment, sedition and the meaning

of freedom. Read *Near v. Minnesota*, 283 U. S. 697 (1931). Be able to answer the question: At what point does speech cross the line and

become incitement.

Lexis search questions will be emailed to you

Week Three—2/6 Prior Restraints

Read Pember, Chapter 3

Know especially Tinker v. Des Moines School District and

Hazelwood School District v. Kuhlmier. Return your search results from Lexis/Nexis.

Research Proposal Due 2/6

Week Four--2/13 Libel-Establishing a Case

Read New York Times v. Sullivan, 376 U.S. 254-

305 (1964

Read Pember, Chapter 4

Read and bring to class an article from a known, credible

mainstream source about online libel issues

Week Five--2/20 Libel-Proof of Fault/Defenses and Damages

Pember, Chapters 5,6

Know especially Curtis Publishing Co. v. Butts, Gertz v. Welch

Week Six--2/27 Invasion of Privacy

Read Pember, Chapters 7,8

Read a news story from a known, credible and mainstream source about current privacy issues. Know the differences between the four types of invasion of privacy as well as the definitions of each and

defenses used in each.

SPRING BREAK Mid-Term Take-Home Exams Distributed 3/3—To Be

3/5/12---3/11/12 Returned 3/11.

Week Seven--3/12 Gathering Information-Records and Meetings--What is the public's

right to know and why is it important?

Read Pember, Chapter 9

Read Tennessee Public Records Law, TCA 10-7-503 to 505 Tennessee Open Meetings Law, TCA 8-44-101 to 106 or

Similar Access Laws in Your State Extra Credit Reports Due 3/12/12

Week Eight--3/19 Free Press/Fair Trial--Practice vs. Perception

Be Ready to Discuss the above topic plus which is more importantthe First Amendment or the Sixth or is there a third option and

why?

Read Pember, Chapters 11 and 12

Read and be ready to discuss a recent scientific study regarding the effects of publicity on trials.

Week Nine--3/26 Regulation of Obscene and Erotic Materials

Focus on difficulties regulating content, difference between sexual content and illegal obscenity and separate protections

for minors.

Read Pember, Chapter 13

Week Ten--4/2 Copyright -- Questions for Discussion: What is the

Stop Online Piracy Act and what is its status in Congress? Would it

be constitutional? Why or why not?

**Read Pember Chapter 14** 

Read an article on the proposed law above and be ready to discuss it

for the class.

Week Eleven--4/9 Regulation of Advertising

What are the ways in which we regulate advertising? What are the

weaknesses of each? Read Pember, Chapter 15

Week Twelve--4/16 Regulation of Telecommunications--What are the newer issues in

this area of regulation? What is net neutrality and what is its current

status?

Read an article from a mainstream publication and be ready to

discuss net neutrality. Read Pember, Chapter 16

Research Papers Due 4/16

Take-Home Exams Distributed 4/16

Week Thirteen--4/23 Presentation of Research

Take Home Final Exams Due Back on Wednesday, April 25

# DETAILS ON RESEARCH PROPOSAL AND RESEARCH PAPER BELOW. PLEASE REFER TO THESE AS YOU COMPLETE EACH ASSIGNMENT.

# **Research Proposal:**

By the date published in the calendar, you must turn in a proposal for a research paper on some topic within the general area of mass communication law. Your proposal will begin by your FIRST writing the questions your paper will attempt to answer. The proposal will explain your topic, i. e., "Former Justice William Joseph Brennan--A Friend of the Press." The proposal will outline the direction and scope of your paper as well as an overview of the types of sources you plan to consult. Such a topic as the one on Brennan would require examination of Brennan's opinions affecting the press. It may be the Court's majority opinion or a concurring or dissenting opinion by Brennan. Another topic might be "The Fairness Doctrine--Should it Be Brought Back as Law?"This type legal topic would involve going to the Communications Act of 1934 and

reading the section that provided for the doctrine, then looking at cases involving the doctrine, as well as the attempts by members of Congress to bring it back as law. You would also look at the Telecommunications Act of 1996, and you would also look at arguments—pro and con—for and against the Fairness Doctrine. Another topic might be the effect of blogging and other social media on the number of libel cases. What are some special problems with suing for libel for Internet content?

# The Research Paper:

You will write an original paper with a minimum of 15 pages, using normal 65-space side margins and 12-point page. You may use either the Blue Book on legal citations or the Chicago Manual of Style, 14th or 15th edition, for endnotes. YOU MAY NOT USE APA OR ANY OTHER PARENTHETICAL REFERENCE STYLE FOR A LAW PAPER. Case names are generally used as citations and would interrupt the reading of your paper because of their length. Your papers will be graded on content, including writing quality, comprehensiveness of research, adherence to complete and proper citation style, grammar, punctuation and spelling. All of these will be analyzed to determine a final paper grade.

WHEN WRITING YOUR PAPER, PLEASE ATTRIBUTE ALL DIRECT QUOTES. DON'T JUST DROP THEM INTO THE MIDDLE OF THE TEXT WITH ONLY A FOOTNOTE NUMBER. GIVE DIRECT QUOTES THEIR OWN PARAGRAPH. ALSO USE NO MORE THAN TWO TO THREE SHORT BLOCK QUOTES. IF THE QUOTE IS THAT IMPORTANT AND IS FOUR OR MORE LINES, SUMMARIZE IT IN YOUR PAPER AND PLACE THE ENTIRE QUOTE IN AN ANNOTATED FOOTNOTE/ENDNOTE.

You will have a cover page with appropriate information. It is NOT part of the 15 pages. Within your paper, you will have an introduction, a statement of the problem and a review of pertinent literature, including major arguments pro and con on your topic. After making an objective—not opinionated—study of the subject, you also are expected to come to some conclusions based on your analysis of the literature.

YOU MAY NOT CITE YOUR TEXTBOOK OR ANY OTHER TEXTBOOK. You will use a minimum of 25 acceptable sources—traditional, scholarly sources, such as law journal articles, legal newspapers, cases, statutes and scholarly books (OTHER THAN TEXTBOOKS) A significant number of your sources must be "primary sources," which means state and federal statutes, court cases, constitutions or congressional or state legislative proceedings. "Secondary sources" are scholarly journals or legal newspapers. Popular magazines, newspapers etc., are NOT acceptable sources and may be used only as starting points for your own reading but NOT for use in your paper. You may use limited citations—two or three from professional publications, such as Quill and Columbia Journalism Review. For a complete list of mass communication scholarly journals (refereed), go to the AEJMC website.

Your written work will be submitted to Turnitin.com, or a similar electronic detection method, for an evaluation of the originality of your ideas and proper use and attribution of sources. As part of this process, you will be required to submit electronic as well as hard copies of your written work, or be given other instructions to follow. (SEE THE SECTION OF THE SYLLABUS ON PLAGIARISM.) By taking this course, you agree that all assignments may undergo this review process and that the assignment may be included as a

source document in Turnitin.com's restricted access database solely for the purpose of detecting plagiarism in such documents. Any assignment not submitted according to the procedures given by the instructor may be penalized or may not be accepted at all.

# Paper Submissions to AEJMC Southeast Colloquium

The Law and Policy Division of AEJMC invites scholars to submit original papers for the annual AEJMC Southeast Colloquium. Please see AEJMC.org for submission deadline as well as dates and location of the regional conference. Papers may focus on any topic related to communications law and/or policy, including defamation, privacy, freedom of information, Federal Communications Commission issues, copyright, obscenity and other issues regarding freedom of speech and press. A panel of judges will blind referee all submissions, and selection will be based strictly on merit. Authors need not be AEJMC or Law and Policy Division members, but they must attend the convention to present accepted papers. The Department of Journalism can provide financial support for your trip. Law and Policy Division papers must be no longer than 50 doublespaced pages (including appendices, tables, notes and bibliography). You must use Chicago Manual of Style or Bluebook citations. The top three faculty papers and top three student papers in the Law and Policy Division will be recognized. Student authors of single-authored papers should clearly indicate their student status to be considered for the student paper awards. Authors should submit one original and three copies of each paper. Each copy should include a 250-word abstract. On the cover page of the original, authors should include the title of the paper, and the name, affiliation, address, office phone, home phone, fax and e-mail address for each author. Student submissions should clearly be indicated on the cover page of the original as well. On the cover page of the three copies, only the title of the paper should appear, with no information identifying any author and no mention of the authors' status as faculty or student.

## **ASSESSMENT**

# PROFESSIONAL VALUES AND COMPETENCIES FOR SEMINAR IN MASS COMMUNICATION LAW

- understand and apply the principles and laws of freedom of speech and press in the United States as well as receive instruction in and understand the range of systems of freedom of expression around the world, including the right to dissent, to monitor and criticize power, and to assemble and petition for redress of grievances;
- demonstrate an understanding of the history and role of professionals and institutions in shaping communications;
- conduct research and evaluate information by methods appropriate to the communications professions in which they work.

# HOW PROFESSIONAL VALUES AND COMPETENCIES WILL BE MET IN JOUR7025:

Upon completion of Journalism 7025, students will have a more in-depth understanding of the laws affecting mass media as well as how the laws affect those who plan to work in media-related fields.

- Students will learn the laws related to libel, privacy, copyright, access to government information, advertising and telecommunications.
- Students will learn to apply the law through the use of hypothetical legal problems they must solve at each class meeting following discussion. This exercise is intended to develop their abilities to think critically as application is the highest form of learning.

- Students will gain knowledge of the operation of the U.S. Supreme Court as well as its influence on their daily lives, including the effect of the law on the rights of women and minorities and their inclusiveness in American life.
- Students will gain knowledge of the importance of federal and state access laws and the ability to use these in their working lives.
- Students will learn to think critically about the political and social forces that help to shape laws that continue to evolve in response to these political and social forces.

# HOW ASSESSMENT OF STUDENT LEARNING WILL BE MET FOR SEMINAR IN MASS COMMUNICATION LAW

- Students will demonstrate knowledge of media law through two take-home exams, informed class discussion and presentation of selected topics.
- Students will develop the ability to analyze and solve hypothetical legal problems.
- Students will prepare a research paper proposal on a specific topic related to their field of interest, which will be approved by the instructor. By the date listed in the calendar, students will submit a conference-quality research paper on a selected area/problem within media law, using a minimum of 25 primary legal sources. (Detailed instructions are in the syllabus.)

#### PROFESSIONAL VALUES AND COMPETENCIES FOR JOURNALISM PROGRAM:

The Accrediting Council on Education in Journalism and Mass Communication requires that, irrespective of their particular specialization, all graduates should be aware of certain core values and competencies and to

- understand and apply the principles and laws of freedom of speech and press, for the country in which the institution that invites ACEJMC is located, as well as receive instruction in and understand the range of systems of freedom of expression around the world, including the right to dissent, to monitor and criticize power, and to assemble and petition for redress of grievances;
- demonstrate an understanding of the history and role of professionals and institutions in shaping communications;
- demonstrate an understanding of gender, race, ethnicity, sexual orientation and, as appropriate, other forms of diversity in domestic society in relation to mass communications.
- demonstrate an understanding of the diversity of peoples and cultures and of the significance and impact of mass communications in a global society.
- understand concepts and apply theories in the use and presentation of images and information;
- demonstrate an understanding of professional ethical principles and work ethically in pursuit of truth, accuracy, fairness and diversity;
- think critically, creatively and independently;
- conduct research and evaluate information by methods appropriate to the communications professions in which they work;
- write correctly and clearly in forms and styles appropriate for the communications professions, audiences and purposes they serve;
- critically evaluate their own work and that of others for accuracy and fairness, clarity, appropriate style and grammatical correctness;
- apply basic numerical and statistical concepts;

• apply tools and technologies appropriate for the communications professions in which they work.

## ASSESSMENT OF STUDENT LEARNING FOR JOURNALISM PROGRAM:

The Council seeks to promote student learning and encourages experimentation and innovation. Assessment is a system of evaluation of student learning at the course or unit level (as opposed to grading at the individual level). Three criteria should guide assessment of student learning:

- Awareness: familiarity with specific information, including facts, concepts, theories, laws and regulations, processes and effects.
- Understanding: assimilation and comprehension of information, concepts, theories and ideas.
- Application: competence in relating and applying skills, information, concepts, theories and ideas to the accomplishment of tasks.

## DEPARTMENT POLICIES

#### EMAIL:

You must have your UM email account activated. If you are using another provider such as Google, you are required to have your UM email forwarded to that account. Go to the http://iam.memphis.edu website to implement forwarding of UM email. You are required to check your email daily. You are responsible for complying with any email sent to you by your professor or the University.

## **CELLPHONES:**

You must turn them off during class.

# **ATTENDANCE:**

Class attendance is mandatory in the Department of Journalism. You may be assigned a failing grade for the semester for nonattendance, or habitual late arrival. No late work will be accepted without prior arrangements, which are acceptable to your professor. Students may not be permitted to make up any missing work unless it is for an absence due to illness or other catastrophic emergency such as a death in the family that can be documented (e.g. with a doctor's note or a copy of the newspaper obituary). This is a professional program for journalists who are expected to understand and comply with deadlines. If you have some problem making it to class on time make arrangements to fix the problem or consider taking another class. You should consider this class your "job" in the educational process and be on time just as you would elsewhere.

#### **CHEATING:**

In addition to university-wide policies stated in the Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities, the Department of Journalism considers making up quotes from sources, turning in substantially the same assignment for credit in two different courses, or a student receiving any assistance from others for work assigned to be done on his/her own, as acts of cheating punishable to the degree determined appropriate by the course instructor and department chair. That may include grade reductions or seeking dismissal of the student from the university.

"Your written work may be submitted to Turnitin.com, or a similar electronic detection method, for an evaluation of the originality of your ideas and proper use and attribution of sources. As part of this process, you may be required to submit electronic as well as hard copies of your written

work, or be given other instructions to follow. By taking this course, you agree that all assignments may undergo this review process and that the assignment may be included as a source document in Turnitin.com's restricted access database solely for the purpose of detecting plagiarism in such documents. Any assignment not submitted according to the procedures given by the instructor may be penalized or may not be accepted at all." (Office of Legal Counsel, October 17, 2005)

## **ONLINE SETEs:**

You are urged to complete the SETEs evaluation of this course. Once your instructor has posted your grade, you can immediately see that grade, provided you completed a teacher evaluation for that class. How to access your evaluation forms: Log in using your UUID and email password; click on the gray "Student" tab; complete an evaluation for each course listed and hit the "Submit" button at the bottom of the form. It will only take a few minutes of your time. We take the evaluations very seriously and use them to improve courses and instructional quality. Your feedback is essential and will be appreciated.

# **DISABILITY:**

Any student who feels s/he may need an accommodation based on the impact of a disability should contact the Office for Disability Services at (901) 678-2880 in 110 Wilder Tower Hall to coordinate reasonable accommodations for students with documented disabilities.